

# Lecture 2.2

## Speedup and Efficiency

EN 600.320/420

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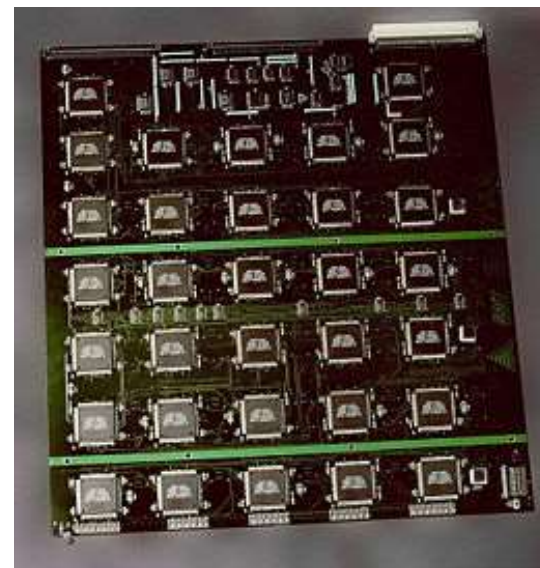
31 January 2018



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# The What of Parallelism?

- Solve bigger problems (weak scaling)
  - Largest direct numerical solutions have evolved from meshes of  $1024^3$  to  $8096^3$  in the last ten years
  - Reveals fundamental structure in the nature of turbulent flow
- Solve the same problems faster (strong scaling)
  - Brute force a 56-bit DES key has evolved from
    - \$20M (est) 1976
    - 1998, 4.5 days, \$250,000
    - 1999 22 hours, \$250,000
    - 2006, 9 days, \$10,000
    - 2008, 1 days, \$10,000



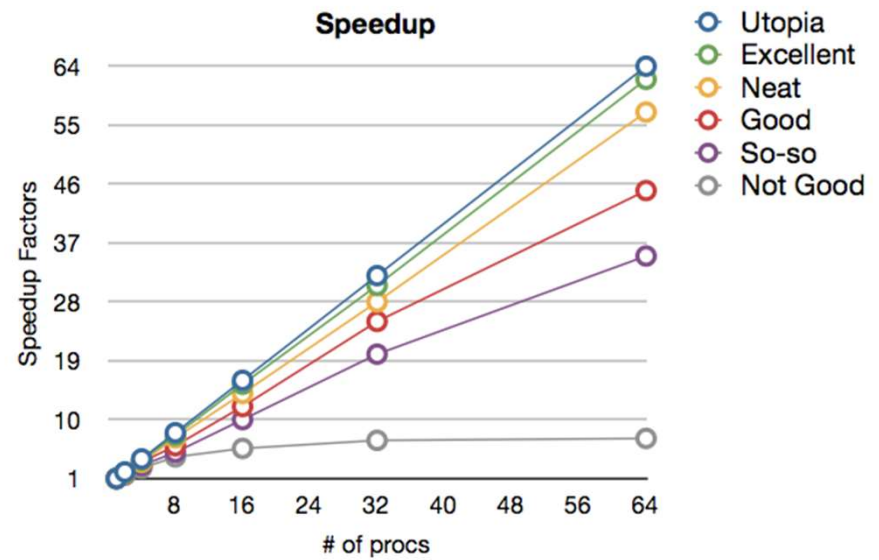
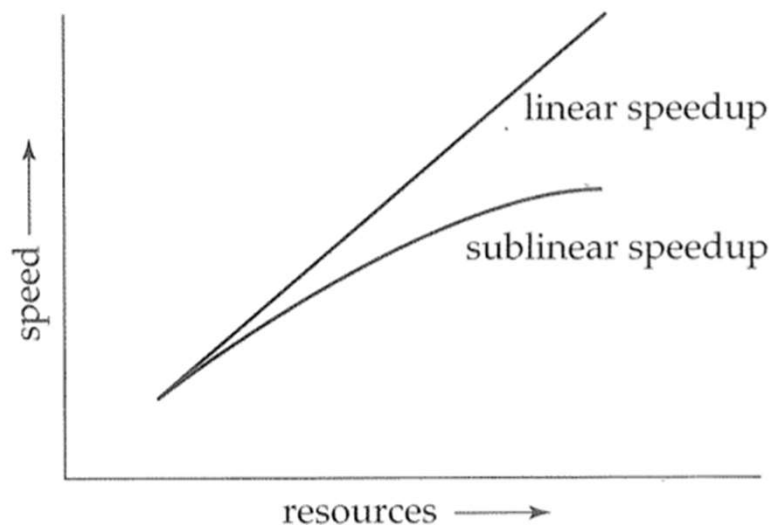
# The Why of Parallelism?

- Solve bigger problems
- Solve the same problems faster or cheaper
  
- Architectures demand it
  - Multi-core
  - GPUs
- Minimize energy consumption
- Maximize investment



# Speedup

- The fundamental concept in parallelism
  - $T(1)$  = time to execute task on a single resource
  - $T(n)$  = time to execute task on  $n$  resources
  - $\text{Speedup} = T(1)/T(n)$



[http://web.eecs.utk.edu/~huangj/hpc/hpc\\_intro.php](http://web.eecs.utk.edu/~huangj/hpc/hpc_intro.php)

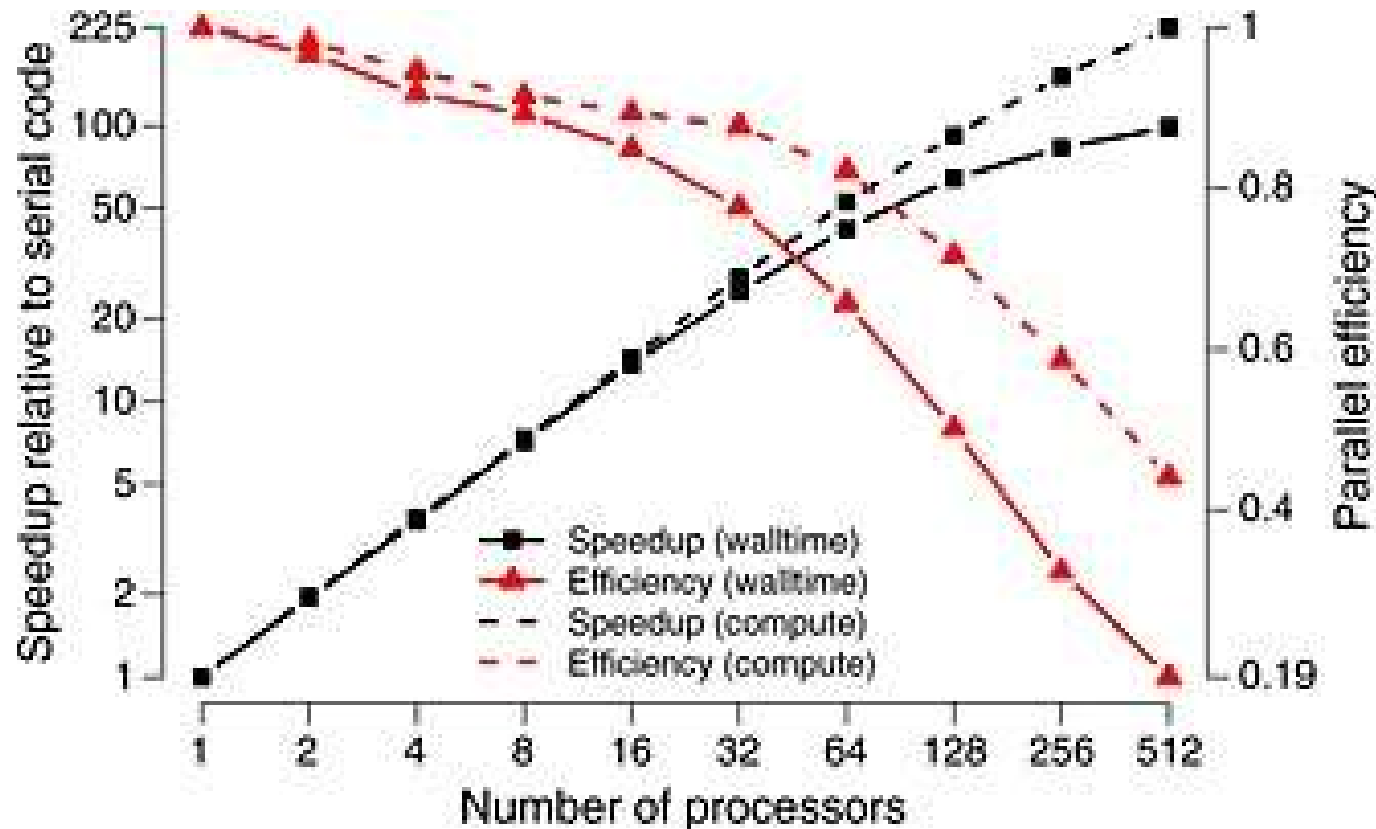
From Silberschatz, Korth, and Sudarshan. *Database Systems Concepts, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed.*



# Parallel Efficiency

[https://www.researchgate.net/figure/233885489\\_fig3\\_Figure-3-Speedup-black-squares-and-parallel-efficiency-red-triangles-for-the](https://www.researchgate.net/figure/233885489_fig3_Figure-3-Speedup-black-squares-and-parallel-efficiency-red-triangles-for-the)

- Companion concept to speedup
  - Efficiency =  $S(n)/n = T(1)/nT(n)$
  - Informally: fraction of possible performance realized



# Strong versus Weak Scaling

- Strong scaling: how the solution time varies with the number of processors for a fixed *total* problem size
  - Efficiency and speedup described for strong scaling
  - Amdahl's law addresses strong scaling
- Weak scaling: how the solution time varies with the number of processors for a fixed problem size *per processor*
  - There is another law—Gustavon's Law—that governs weak scaling
  - We'll do weak scaling another day



From Silberschatz, Korth, and Sudarshan. *Database Systems Concepts, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed.*